1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
3	EASTERN DIVISION-RIVERSIDE
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5	HONORABLE VIRGINIA A. PHILLIPS, JUDGE PRESIDING
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8	WENDY THOMAS; SERVICE EMPLOYEES) INTERNATIONAL UNION, LOCAL 721,)
9	Plaintiffs,)
10) vs.) No. EDCV 10-1846 VAP
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12	COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE SHERIFF'S) DEPARTMENT, et al.,)
13) Defendants.)
14)
15 16	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
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	Riverside, California
18	Wednesday, June 29, 2011
19	2:20 P.M.
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22 23	PHYLLIS A. PRESTON, CSR 8701 Federal Official Court Reporter
23	United States District Court 3470 Twelfth Street Biyorgido California 82501
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WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29, 2011; RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA 1 2 2:20 P.M. 3 -000-THE CLERK: EDCV 10-1846 VAP, Wendy Thomas v. The 4 5 County of Riverside Sheriff's Department. 02:20 6 Counsel, please state your appearance. 7 MR. CROWLEY: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Alan Crowley on behalf of the plaintiffs SEIU and Wendy Thomas. 8 9 THE COURT: Good afternoon. MR. ZAPPIA: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Edward 10 02:21 11 Zappia on behalf of defendants. 12 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 13 MS. HADAEGH: Good afternoon. Day Hadaegh on behalf 14 of defendants. 15 THE COURT: Good afternoon. Both sides have had a 02:21 16 chance to review the tentative ruling? 17 MR. ZAPPIA: We have, Your Honor. 18 MR. CROWLEY: Yes. THE COURT: Let me just make a couple of brief 19 20 comments and then I'll let both sides be heard. 02:21 21 A great deal of space in the papers was spent, especially in the defense papers, on matters that were 22 23 irrelevant to the resolution probably of this entire case but certainly to the motion. All of the discussion about the 24 25 negotiations and the history of the negotiations between the 02:22

1 parties is irrelevant to the issues. The state of the County's 2 budget and the deficit is irrelevant to the issue that's before 3 the Court on this motion.

4 It's probably irrelevant to the entire -- to the case 5 that's before this Court because the issue that's before the 02:22 6 Court, certainly on this motion, is an issue that revolves in 7 large part about whether the plaintiff has suffered retaliation 8 for exercising her rights under the First Amendment. So there is no exception that I'm aware of or that has been cited to me 9 10 that says First Amendment rights of association or speech are 02:23 11 curtailed when there is a deficit in a budget. So there is no 12 relevance to any of the first, I don't know, 10 pages of the 25 13 pages that are allotted to the defense, and yet, to a certain 14 extent, both sides, but again more the defense than the 15 plaintiffs' side, didn't address many issues that should have 02:23 been addressed. 16

17 There were factual assertions that were made by the 18 plaintiff that weren't addressed by the defense. Neither side 19 used the correct standard that the Court is obliged to apply in 20 considering this motion for a preliminary injunction. The 21 Court explained that in a paragraph in the tentative. The 22 defense frequently cited California principles of law which, of 23 course, under Erie do not apply. And when citing federal law, 24 almost never cited correctly in the format, so I couldn't tell 25 which circuit you were citing to, because you would just cite

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F.3d without putting whatever circuit it was. And frequently it wasn't the Ninth Circuit when there was controlling Ninth Circuit precedence. All of those things made it much more difficult.

5 A case like this is very important to both sides. Ιt 02:24 6 requires a great deal of attention on the Court's part, which 7 both sides deserve. But given the amount of paper that both sides submitted here, it could have been done far more 8 9 efficiently and far better if the parties had concentrated on 10 the issue in this case, which is not how to solve the County's 02:25 11 budget deficit. That's not before the Court. And the 12 negotiations between the Union and the County and how to 13 resolve whatever problems there have been in those 14 negotiations, that is not before the Court. So having all of 15 that information contained in the papers instead of arguments 02:25 16 or factual information that should have been there is not 17 helpful, and I hope in future briefings that these errors and 18 omissions will be corrected.

19 I think the thing to focus on today is the scope of 20 the injunction. I've indicated in my tentative that the 21 injunction should issue as to the issue of transfers at least 22 during the pendency of this case, because I think the 23 plaintiffs have met their burden on that issue.

I'm going to allow the plaintiffs' counsel to argue first, if you wish to focus your argument on specific other

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relief because the proposed injunction was overbroad. So if 1 2 you want to focus on specific other injunctive relief that you feel is justified, I would suggest that that would be the most 3 4 efficient way to proceed. 5 Mr. Crowley. 02:26 6 MR. CROWLEY: Thank you. As you can see, this case 7 is of interest to a lot of people, a lot of members of SEIU. 8 They are all wearing the purple shirts. They are often 9 intimidated by County action, and so they are glad to be here 10 and for you to have spent so much time addressing this with 02:27 11 your lengthy, 46-page tentative decision. 12 Yeah, I think the injunction -- the scope of the 13 injunction should be broadened primarily because of the ability 14 of management to take, traditionally, very small issues and 15 find anything wrong with it; such as in the e-mail issue, the 02:27 16 Internal Affairs investigation regarding e-mails. 17 I briefly looked at the Court's tentative and it seems to me the Court's decision not to limit the Sheriff's 18 19 Department from engaging in further Internal Affairs 20 investigations --02:27 21 Well, let me tell you what the problem is THE COURT: 22 with that. First of all, I think the defense met its resulting 23 burden on the issue of Internal Affairs investigations, at 24 least in certain respects, as to the admonitions, which one 25 side calls admonishments and your side calls gag orders. I 02:28

1 think they met their burden as to showing that those are given, 2 that you're not to discuss the -- whoever the subject of the investigation is, shouldn't be discussing it, other than with 3 4 counsel, and I think that the defense met their burden as to 5 that issue.

6 But, secondly, as to a proposed injunction that says 7 or that would prevent the County from initiating any investigation in the future, such an order in any case would be 8 9 overbroad because it would be like writing a blank check to any employee to engage in misconduct, and I'm not suggesting that 10 02:29 11 Ms. Thomas has or will. But you can't just -- you can't just 12 say, well, whatever you do in the future, the County cannot 13 initiate an investigation. If another employee -- to give you 14 a hypothetical so that it's not personal as to Ms. Thomas, 15 let's say that it was a different employee and such an order 16 issued, then another employee feels that she has been sexually 17 harassed by her male supervisor against whom the County is restrained from initiating any kind of investigation, internal 18 19 investigation, that's untenable.

20 MR. CROWLEY: I understand. But I think the dilemma 02:30 we have here is that we have two Internal Affairs 21 22 investigations initiated which result in these -- which are 23 lengthy and much beyond the normal standard within the last few 24 months. I mean, you have a very well-recognized, extremely 25 competent employee who then becomes a high profile Union 02:30

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02:29

1 representative, and then within a few months she is -- an
2 Internal Affairs investigation is initiated for an e-mail when
3 the established --

THE COURT: You know, for a four-hour interrogation 4 5 on an e-mail, and the County is saying that they are short on 02:30 6 resources, for the County to spend four hours for an employee 7 who sent three e-mails over the course of her career that were personal in nature, I agree. I hardly think that's a wise use 8 9 of County resources, and it undercuts the, frankly, irrelevant 10 arguments that the County has made that I've already spoken to. 02:31 11 I mean, the Court is not here to resolve the negotiations 12 between these parties, but it does undercut the County's 13 argument that we are so short on resources, this is a time of 14 crisis, and they can spend four hours and all that personnel to 15 interrogate somebody about one -- I can't remember if that was 02:31 16 the dancing baby or the wedding photos. These aren't e-mails 17 where somebody was sending, you know, items of national 18 security.

19 The second part I was going to get to, MR. CROWLEY: 20 Your Honor, was that what results is not only the elevation of 02:31 21 -- frankly, most work places are political. If there is 22 someone a manager doesn't like, they can find something wrong 23 and they can elevate it. My concern is that that's going to 24 happen. We're going to have the lead negotiator negotiation. 25 They will scrutinize her and put her under a microscope and IA 02:31

her for anything, which I think this e-mail is an example of. 1 2 THE COURT: You need to speak more slowly. MR. CROWLEY: Okay. Okay. And then, I mean this 3 4 Monday, two days ago, in the middle of bargaining, all day 5 bargaining, they gave her -- interrupted the bargaining for an 02:32 6 hour and a half to give her a 44-page, single-spaced report 7 about that IA investigation. You think four hours was a waste 8 of time? This report is 44 pages, not including 22 tabs of 9 exhibits, this was brought to the negotiations. 10 THE COURT: On that e-mail? 02:32 11 MR. CROWLEY: On the e-mail. IA brought to the 12 negotiations in front of the negotiators, this is a written 13 warning where the Sheriff's Department is imposing this. You'd 14 think in the most sanctified bargaining, MOU bargaining, 15 between the 12 representatives for the Union and the 02:32 16 representatives from the County, they interrupt that. They 17 could have e-mailed it to her. 18 THE COURT: Slow down. 19 MR. CROWLEY: Okay. So I think that the problem is, 20 is not only are they elevating an incredibly minor incident 02:32 21 into an IA, but then it's used to pummel the Union. It's used 22 to say, anybody does anything, steps out of line, we're going 23 to show you in a very public manner that you'll be written up 24 and that this will affect your career. So that's why I think 25 the concern of somehow limiting, and I understand the idea of 02:33

not writing a blank check, but of somehow limiting or 1 2 increasing the scope of the injunction. THE COURT: Well, how would you propose that that be 3 4 worded? Well, that there be no Internal Affairs 5 MR. CROWLEY: 02:33 6 investigations that are beyond what is typically done by 7 Internal Affairs. THE COURT: And that is too vague to be enforceable. 8 9 The issue is, that to be enforceable an injunction -- since the 10 remedy for violation is contempt of court, the case law is very 02:33 11 clear that the wording of the injunction has to be very 12 specific, and I don't think that proposal is going to make that standard. 13 14 MR. CROWLEY: Yeah. Right. Well, the handicap that 15 we operate under is that not having been able to conduct the 02:34 16 discovery yet, because we're still waiting for documents, even 17 though what is a typical routine for these IAs, and that will, 18 of course, be an area of discovery is, when do they normally IA 19 people? And we did note --20 THE COURT: I share the concern that internal 02:34 21 investigations should not -- Internal Affairs investigations 22 should not be used as the tool -- as a punitive tool or to 23 retaliate, but I don't know that you'll ever, even through 24 discovery, find out what is a normal basis for conducting one 25 because, you know, the scope of human conduct is pretty broad 02:34

1	and so or conduct or misconduct or allegations about it, you	
2	know, that's a pretty broad subject. So I can't really limit	
3	what they could investigate about, because who knows	
4	MR. CROWLEY: I do have an idea.	
5	THE COURT: All right.	02:35
6	MR. CROWLEY: And that is that I mean our concern	
7	was that the IAs coupled with the gag orders coupled with the	
8	IA interviews where interviewers tended to expand the scope of	
9	the investigation and expand the scope of the admonishment	
10	letter, our concern was that Ms. Thomas, in being the lead	02:35
11	negotiator, at bargaining would say things that would violate	
12	the scope of the investigation. So, perhaps, if we could	
13	broaden the injunction such that if there is any further gag	
14	order or further investigation that it be very clear that it's	
15	not limiting the Union or Ms. Thomas in any way from discussing	02:35
16	anything that's discussed in bargaining, which is often all the	
17	terms and conditions of employment. And since she works in the	
18	Sheriff's Department, she knows those policies so well. So our	
19	fear is that they would use it as a gotcha every time. And so	
20	maybe there is a way of wording an injunction so that you	02:36
21	know, we don't want any investigations, but if there ever is,	
22	that it be very clear that the admonishment cannot preclude	
23	SEIU or Ms. Thomas or whoever is the subject of it from	
24	discussing in bargaining the issues that are normally	
25	THE COURT: The issues, not her own particular	02:36

1 MR. CROWLEY: Right, the issues. 2 THE COURT: All right. That makes sense. I think I understand that issue. 3 4 MR. CROWLEY: So that's all that we would, you know, 5 with respect to broadening the injunction, specify. I'm not 02:36 6 going to go into the merits. You said to just deal with the 7 scope. THE COURT: All right. Mr. Zappia. 8 9 MR. ZAPPIA: Thank you, Your Honor. 10 We also appreciate the extensive opinion and we 02:36 11 primarily would concur with the tentative. There is too many 12 issues to address one by one, but there are several points that 13 I would respond to. 14 THE COURT: All right. 15 MR. ZAPPIA: In the original injunction, two points, 02:37 16 there is two plaintiffs in this case, Wendy Thomas and SEIU, 17 and the original injunction also sought an order to stop all 18 retaliation against all union members. And the Steve Matthew's initial declaration did indeed discuss collective bargaining 19 20 and the history of bargaining and the current bargaining. Now, 02:37 21 I concur with the Court that I believe that's irrelevant, but 22 that was far more compelling to us to address than each of 23 whether Wendy Thomas is on the Uniform Committee or not or 24 whether she is on day shift or night shift, so we did spend 25 time on that because there was a substantial amount of time 02:37

spent in the moving papers on SEIU and collective bargaining.
 So, that being said, when I concur with the Court that that
 doesn't belong here, I concur.

On the individual matters, the only response I would
have, again, I concur with the tentative except, for example,
on the one reassignment to day shift. The Court noted she was
reassigned to day shift after she had requested collective
bargaining at night, and I think the basic --

9 THE COURT: Well, on that issue, actually, I thought 10 that was a -- you know, I thought that was a rather close call 02:38 11 because I don't -- and again, you know, everybody has their own 12 style in terms of writing and so forth, but oftentimes I think 13 the more adjectives I see, the less persuaded I am. And to 14 characterize that issue about asking for the bargaining 15 sessions to begin at 8:00 at night as absurd, I just do not 02:39 16 find that persuasive.

The amount of overheated rhetoric in the papers here, I'm thinking about changing the page limits downward, because if you exclude the rhetoric where one side, you know, were referring to thugs and so forth and you just kept to the facts, I would be reading a lot less and a lot better.

But on the issue of whether or not the transfer was related to a request or a demand that the negotiation sessions begin at 8:00, to call that absurd, I don't see why that's absurd on its face. You know, most people -- I mean not

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1	necessarily people in law enforcement because that's a 24-hour	
2	need that the community has, but many people work a day shift.	
3	So to start a negotiating session at 8:00, and most people are	
4	aware that union negotiating sessions last all hours through	
5	the day and night, so it doesn't on its face seem like such an	02:40
6	absurd request. So I view the whole just to wrap up my	
7	thought I view the whole issue about the shift time	
8	transfer, because there was a couple of different transfer	
9	issues here, as a fairly close call as to whether or not that	
10	was retaliatory.	02:41
11	MR. ZAPPIA: What if Ms. Thomas had requested this	
12	hearing occur at 10:00 tonight?	
13	THE COURT: I don't answer questions. You're	
14	supposed to be persuading me. Is that a rhetorical question?	
15	MR. ZAPPIA: It's a rhetorical question because that	02:41
16	was in effect the management works during the day,	
17	collective bargaining doesn't.	
18	THE COURT: Well, if management works during the day,	
19	doesn't it make all the more sense to hold the session at 8:00	
20	at night?	02:41
21	MR. ZAPPIA: They negotiate on duty when they're	
22	paid. That's how they always do it.	
23	THE COURT: Well, you know, your question really	
24	reveals a great deal about perhaps I guess what you're	
25	suggesting by your question is that management sets the times	02:41

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and conditions and so forth for when negotiations take place. 1 2 It's not parties of equal bargaining power. 3 MR. ZAPPIA: The times are mutually agreed on. 4 THE COURT: Exactly. 5 MR. ZAPPIA: In her e-mail they request times when 02:41 6 everyone is available. 7 THE COURT: And so your question suggests that it's more convenient for management not to do it at 8:00 at night 8 9 and that's the end of the story. 10 MR. ZAPPIA: It's more convenient for all. 02:42 11 THE COURT: No, you're saying it's convenient for 12 management. 13 MR. ZAPPIA: I'm saying it's more convenient for both 14 bargaining teams. 15 THE COURT: Well, wouldn't it be up to the Union to 02:42 16 say what's convenient for them? 17 MR. ZAPPIA: Certainly. 18 THE COURT: And isn't Ms. Thomas the spokesperson for the Union on that issue? 19 20 MR. ZAPPIA: She is the lead negotiator for these 02:42 21 negotiations. 22 THE COURT: So she's making the suggestion on behalf 23 of SEIU. 24 MR. ZAPPIA: I mean, to us it's not one of the most 25 significant issues. To us it's illustrative of the request. 02:42

1	But, as we said, you know, if we go point by point, we	
2	generally concur with you that the bargaining doesn't belong	
3	before the Court and that the parties dispute	
4	THE COURT: The bargaining doesn't.	
5	MR. ZAPPIA: Right.	02:42
6	THE COURT: But these issues and whether it's a	
7	Uniform Committee, all of these things I tend to agree. When	
8	you look at them one by one, they are very small, but not all	
9	of them are very small. Some of them sound small one by one.	
10	But, for example, a transfer of someone's working hours from a	02:43
11	graveyard shift to a daytime shift or vice versa, depending on	
12	that person's personal situation, is not small.	
13	MR. ZAPPIA: Well, I don't know that it's small to	
14	her, but to the Department and affecting collective bargaining	
15	was exactly why it was done. I mean, you said it was a close	02:43
16	call. Obviously managements' position, as they stated, was	
17	everybody bargains during the day. So putting her on day	
18	facilitated collective bargaining for everyone. They didn't	
19	have one member of their team submit a declaration stating we	
20	prefer to do it at night. But, you know, listen, like I said,	02:43
21	lest we go off on an insignificant issue, I generally concur	
22	with you. We addressed the issues we did because we had bigger	
23	concerns about collective bargaining and the state of the	
24	budget and where collective bargaining is going to go, and	
25	that's not to minimize the issues that we've addressed here.	02:44

Overall then, I mean not that we don't dispute some 1 2 of the points that were against us, but management stated its positions in response to some of the reassignments. But, for 3 4 the most part, given the Court's position and direction that way, we concur and we will limit it to those very specific 5 6 items.

7 THE COURT: All right. So as to the proposal, I think the proposal as to any current or future -- let's see. 8 9 As to current IA investigations and as to any future ones, that 10 they cannot and should not be interpreted to prevent plaintiff 02:45 11 from negotiating on any issues which might be covered within 12 the scope of any admonishment letter. I will ask plaintiffs' 13 counsel to draft up a paragraph to that effect, show it to 14 defense counsel and see if you can agree on the language. Ιf 15 you can't agree on the language then you can notify the Court 02:45 16 that you're unable to agree on the language and you can submit 17 your objection or your proposed language and then submit that 18 to me forthwith.

19 MR. ZAPPIA: I'll show that to my client. I don't 20 expect that the Department -- I'll show that to them, but I 02:45 21 don't expect they would object to that because the current 22 admonishment doesn't do that anyway. The current admonishment 23 limits an employee from talking about the scope of an 24 investigation.

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THE COURT: Well, let's just make sure. All right. 02:46

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Let's just make sure the language is clear and precise so that 1 2 it doesn't become an issue down the road. 3 MR. ZAPPIA: Thank you. 4 THE COURT: Anything else? 5 MR. CROWLEY: Well, the only other concern I have is 02:46 6 that I think you had said previously that July 8th was the 7 deadline to amend the complaint, so I would presumably amend the complaint to include new allegations. 8 9 THE COURT: Well, which new allegations? 10 MR. CROWLEY: New things that have happened since we 02:46 11 filed the complaint December 9th. 12 THE COURT: Actually, if it's a new occurrence, then 13 that would be a supplemental complaint. Anything that's 14 occurred since the filing date of the action is a supplemental 15 complaint, so it would be an amended and supplemental 02:46 16 complaint. 17 MR. CROWLEY: Okay. 18 THE COURT: It's one document. But if you're 19 alleging things that have occurred since the filing of the 20 action, that's supplemental. 02:46 21 MR. CROWLEY: As opposed to a first amendment. 22 THE COURT: Exactly. 23 MR. CROWLEY: The other thing is, I'm concerned 24 because last time we were before you back in May you asked us 25 to see if we could put our heads together, the County and 02:47

1 plaintiffs, to agree upon some protective order so that we 2 wouldn't --3 THE COURT: Regarding the e-mails. 4 MR. CROWLEY: E-mails or any documents so that, you 5 know, so that we would agree they're confidential and so that 02:47 6 there doesn't have to be a long delay in producing them or big 7 fights in viewing them. As you might have gleaned from some of 8 our papers --9 You have not been successful in doing THE COURT: 10 that. 02:47 11 MR. CROWLEY: No. So if you have a suggestion or --12 THE COURT: All right. Here is my suggestion: This 13 case is Judge Bristow's, the discovery judge on this case. My 14 suggestion is that you -- Ms. Taylor is his courtroom deputy 15 clerk, and I think she is here today, so go down to the clerk's 02:47 16 office and inquire of her of a date when you can have a status 17 conference in front of Judge Bristow to try to work out the 18 terms of a protective order. I don't want to make his life 19 worse, but he is very accommodating. Don't take advantage of 20 that. I'm sure he will arrange a status conference for you 02:48 21 very shortly and that might save both of your clients the 22 expense of filing a motion. See if he can assist you in 23 getting something done right away so you can continue with your 24 discovery. 25 MR. CROWLEY: Okay. 02:48

1 THE COURT: That's Deborah Taylor. 2 MR. CROWLEY: Deborah Taylor. All right. 3 THE COURT: They may be in court. I don't know if he's got criminal duty this afternoon. 4 5 MR. CROWLEY: Do you know what department? 02:48 6 THE COURT: We don't have departments. We have 7 courtrooms. 8 MR. CROWLEY: Or what courtroom? 9 THE COURT: The three magistrate judges share the two 10 courtrooms upstairs, so he would be in one of those. But she's 02:49 11 probably in the clerk's office if they're not on duty. 12 MR. CROWLEY: Okay. So we submit by this Friday I 13 think the language on the proposed --14 THE COURT: Certainly. As soon as you do, I will get 15 the order out. 02:49 16 MR. CROWLEY: Thank you, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much. 18 (Proceedings concluded) 19 -000-20 21 22 23 24 25

CERTIFICATE DOCKET NO. EDCV 10-1846 VAP I hereby certify that pursuant to Section 753, Title 28, United States Code, the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of the stenographically reported proceedings held in the above-entitled matter and that the transcript page format is in conformance with the regulations of the Judicial Conference of the United States. /S/ Phyllis A. Preston DATED: July 12, 2011 Federal Official Court Reporter License No. 8701